

REPORT TO KINCARDINE AND MEARNS AREA COMMITTEE – 27 APRIL 2021

DRAFT GYPSY/TRAVELLER SITE PROVISION STRATEGY 2021-2026

1 Reason for Report / Summary

- 1.1 Members to consider and comment on the draft Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2021-2026.

2 Recommendations

The Committee is recommended to:

- 2.1 Comment on the draft Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2021-2026 to feed back comments to the Gypsy/Traveller Sub-Committee.**

3 Purpose and Decision Making Route

- 3.1 The Kincardine and Mearns Area Committee are to comment on the strategy to feed back to the Gypsy/Traveller Sub-Committee.

4 Discussion

- 4.1 The Aberdeenshire Local Housing Strategy 2018-2023 commits to ensuring minority ethnic communities have access to appropriate accommodation.
- 4.2 On 12 March 2015 Aberdeenshire Council agreed the Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy. This proposed new site provision in each of north, central and south Aberdeenshire to meet the accommodation needs of Gypsy/Traveller communities.
- 4.3 Since 2015 there has been an increase in Gypsy/Traveller site provision with the development of Aikey Brae and the approval of private sites which are detailed in **Appendix 1**.
- 4.4 The draft Site Provision Strategy reviews the levels and locations of unauthorised encampments since 2015 and considers feedback from Gypsy/Travellers expressed both informally and through formal research reports.
- 4.5 The Scottish Government approval of the applications at North Esk, subject to planning conditions, for a temporary period of 10 years from the date of the decisions, will be the subject of a report to Aberdeenshire Council on 24 June 2021.
- 4.6 Members are encouraged to comment on the draft strategy.

5 Council Priorities, Implications and Risk

- 5.1 This report supports the delivery of the Council priorities of Infrastructure, Resilient Communities, Health and Wellbeing under the pillars of Our People and Our Environment. To deliver these strategic priorities this report contributes to the Council priority of ‘everyone having access to appropriate accommodation and housing support where required’.
- 5.2 This report relates to the Aberdeenshire Local Housing Strategy 2018-2023 and helps to deliver actions to improve accommodation for Gypsy/Travellers.
- 5.3 The table below shows whether risks and implications apply if the recommendation is agreed.

Subject	Yes	No	N/A
Financial			x
Staffing			x
Equalities	x		
Fairer Scotland Duty	x		
Town Centre First			x
Sustainability	x		
Children and Young People’s Rights and Wellbeing	x		

- 5.4 An equality impact assessment in **Appendix 2** has been carried out as part of the development of the proposals above and identifies the following positive impacts:

- Identifying a mix of provision will help to address the accommodation needs of the Gypsy/Traveller community.
- The provision of a mix of sites will assist in addressing the health, education needs and well-being of the Gypsy/Traveller community.
- Improving the provision of a mix of sites and facilities may attract more occupants to sites and reduce the number of unauthorised encampments.

It also identified the following potentially negative impact:

- It may not be possible to provide the preferred type of site in a preferred location.

- 5.5 The following risks apply:

- ECSSR004 – Support Inclusive, Vibrant and Healthy Communities. The Gypsy/Traveller Officer Group meets regularly to receive

feedback from Gypsy/Travellers and to ensure access to services.
Regular monitoring of the action plan will mitigate risk.

6 Scheme of Governance

- 6.1 The Head of Finance and Monitoring Officer within Business Services have been consulted in the preparation of this report and their comments have been incorporated and are satisfied that the report complies with the [Scheme of Governance](#) and relevant legislation.
- 6.2 The Committee is able to consider this item in terms of Section B 11.1 of the [List of Committee Powers in Part 2A](#) of the Scheme of Governance as it relates to a matter which impacts on Kincardine and Mearns.

Alan Wood
Interim Director of Infrastructure Services

Report prepared by Ally Macleod, Housing Strategy and Building Standards Manager
12 April 2021

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Appendix 1 – Aberdeenshire Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2021-2026 - draft
Appendix 2 – Equality Impact Assessment.

Aberdeenshire Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2021-2026 - draft

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1 Introduction

1.1 Legal Background

- 1.1.1 Gypsy/Travellers have been in Scotland for many centuries and still retain their own cultures and customs. The term 'Gypsy/Traveller' refers to distinct groups - such as Romany Gypsies, Scottish and Irish Travellers - who regard the travelling lifestyle as being part of their ethnic identity. There are also other types of Traveller, such as Occupational Travellers, Show-people and New Age Travellers: distinct groups who do not regard themselves as Gypsy/Travellers and do not receive protection under equalities legislation.
- 1.1.2 Under the Equality Act 2010 it is unlawful to discriminate against people because of protected characteristics such as age, race, religion or belief, disability, sex, marriage, civil partnership, gender reassignment, or sexual orientation. The Act also imposes a duty on listed public authorities, including local authorities, to have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations. Gypsy/Travellers are recognised as an ethnic group under the definition of 'race' in the Act.
- 1.1.3 Under the Homelessness (Scotland) Act 2003, a person is homeless if he/ she has accommodation but it consists of a moveable structure, vehicle or vessel designed or adapted for human habitation and there is no place where he/she is entitled or permitted both to place it and to reside in it. Although some Gypsy/Travellers live in houses outwith the travelling season, for many their only accommodation all year round is a caravan and are therefore deemed homeless if they have nowhere official to place and reside in their caravan.

1.2 Strategic Context

- 1.2.1 The Aberdeenshire Council Plan 2020-2022 prioritises:
- Everyone having access to appropriate accommodation and housing support where required
 - work to reduce poverty and inequalities in our communities.
- 1.2.2 The Aberdeenshire Local Housing Strategy 2018-2023 commits that:
- Minority ethnic communities will have access to appropriate land, housing and support, encouraging social integration.
 - Gypsy/Travellers normally resident in Aberdeenshire and Gypsies/Travellers visiting the area have accommodation that meets their needs, culture and lifestyle.
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- 1.2.3 The Scottish Government's Housing to 2040 vision commits to improve and widen access to Gypsy/Traveller accommodation.
- 1.2.4 Providing more and better accommodation forms part of the joint Scottish Government and COSLA action plan 'Improving the Lives of Gypsy/Travellers' 2019-2021 which commits to:
- Ensure the needs of Gypsy/Travellers are appropriately and collectively resourced
 - Understand the accommodation needs and preferences of Gypsy/Travellers to inform future provision
 - Make sure the planning system works better for Gypsy/Traveller communities
- 1.2.5 Partnership working is a key aspect of progressing these outcomes and delivering on the Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy. The Council's Gypsy/Traveller Officer Group meets on a quarterly basis and has representation from all services within the council, as well as members from Police Scotland, NHS Grampian and representation from the Gypsy/Traveller Community and Grampian Regional Equality Council. This group takes forward actions from Aberdeenshire Council's overarching Gypsy/Traveller Action Plan.
- 1.2.6 The Gypsy/Traveller Sub Committee, consisting of eight Councillors, meets on a quarterly basis and takes forward actions in the Gypsy/Traveller Sub Committee Action Plan, which mirrors the Council's Gypsy/Traveller Officer Group Action Plan. Representatives from Health, Education and the Police Scotland, attend the meetings and other services on request.
- 1.2.7 The Gypsy/Traveller Interagency Group includes members from the three local authorities in the Grampian area – Aberdeenshire, Aberdeen City and the Moray Councils, Police Scotland, NHS Grampian and Grampian Regional Equality Council (GREC).
- 1.2.8 Aberdeenshire Council officers and the Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer engage with the members of the Travelling community on a regular basis. This involves consultation exercises as well as more in-depth meetings regarding specific issues.
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2 The Need for Gypsy/Traveller Sites

2.1 Unauthorised Encampments

- 2.1.1 Aberdeenshire Council strives to provide a balance between the needs of members of the settled community and those of Gypsy/Travellers who want to stay on a temporary encampment when in Aberdeenshire but are restricted in where they can legally encamp. The council, in recognising that local communities often have concerns about the impact of unauthorised sites, expects encampments to be managed to a standard that does not cause disturbance to the local settled community, nor to the environment. Aberdeenshire Council has a [Code of Conduct](#) for unauthorised encampments, providing guidelines on dealing with unauthorised encampments.
- 2.1.2 The volume of unauthorised encampments over the last decade is shown below by year and by area.

Table 1: Unauthorised encampments in Aberdeenshire 2010-2019

Year	Number
2010	30
2011	23
2012	53
2013	45
2014	28
2015	37
2016	61
2017	65
2018	22
2019	21

Table 2: Unauthorised encampments by area

Area	Proportion
Banff and Buchan	17%
Buchan	22%

Formartine	19%
Garioch	13%
Kincardine and Mearns	24%
Marr	4%

- 2.1.3 While there is a spread of encampment locations across five of the six administrative areas within Aberdeenshire. The proportion of unauthorised encampments by area reflects the movement patterns of Gypsy/Traveller communities along the A90, A93, A96 and A947 corridors and in to traditional stop-off locations.
- 2.1.4 This demonstrates that there is unmet need inbetween the current local authority and private sites.
- 2.1.5 The majority of encampments take place between January and October.

2.2 What Gypsy/Travellers Say

- 2.2.1 A wide range of research and feedback has been gathered from Gypsy/Travellers and other communities over the years to inform the development of this strategy. This includes:
 - 2.2.2 In July 2015, 24 Gypsy/ Travellers in Aberdeen and Aberdeenshire, from 12 different groups of Gypsy/ Travellers took part in a consultation exercise to assess the accommodation needs of the Travelling community. Results showed that 100% of all participants thought there should be an increase in site provision in both Aberdeen and Aberdeenshire. There was no clear preference on whether they should be developed and managed privately or by the local authorities. A further survey has been carried out with Gypsy/Travellers during summer 2017. This found that as a whole the most desirable type of site for participants was a local authority provided permanent site, but when taken alongside data on the number of encampments over recent years, and feedback to the 2015 consultation, there is a demand for a range of provision. Given the number and size of encampments at present, it seems likely that there will continue to be a shortfall of provision.
 - 2.2.3 This reinforces earlier research carried out in 2009 that recommended providing a mix of small, family orientated sites as well as larger sites to accommodate Gypsy/Travellers who travel in varying sizes of groups. This should include a mix of fully serviced and stopover sites.
 - 2.2.4 Aberdeenshire's Citizens' Panel's 38th edition of 'Viewpoint' included a section on Gypsy/ Traveller site provision. The questions posed sought the opinion of residents in Aberdeenshire on current provision provided to Gypsy/ Travellers along with feedback on future provision. Results showed that residents of Aberdeenshire believe that there should be more Gypsy/Traveller site provision in Aberdeenshire.

3 Current Site Provision

3.1 Local Authority Provision

- 3.1.1 Aberdeenshire Council currently provides two sites at Greenbanks, Banff (20 pitches) and at Aikey Brae (10 pitches). The Greenbanks site opens April to September, is managed by a Site Assistant, and was upgraded to fully comply with the Scottish Government minimum site standards in 2019/20. Aikey Brae is a stopover site that was established in 2018. Each pitch has a chemical toilet, an electric point and access to water. The Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer manages the site and is available to provide support, advice and signposting to occupants.
- 3.1.2 In Scotland a total of 20 local authorities and registered social landlords provide one or more Gypsy/Traveller sites, while the remaining 12 local authority areas do not have any public site provision. Fife, Highland and Aberdeenshire have the greatest provision, accounting for nearly a third of all public site pitches in Scotland. The Council will continue to work with other local authorities to ensure that need is met on a regional and national basis.

3.2 Private Provision

- 3.2.1 There is a range of private provision across Aberdeenshire. This includes sites at Boyndie (14 pitches), New Pitsligo (2 pitches), Peterhead (2 pitches), Boddam, Peterhead (4 pitches), Kemnay (7 pitches) and North Esk, St Cyrus (20 permanent and 9 stopover).

4 Future Site Provision

4.1 Impact of Increased Provision on Unauthorised Encampments

- 4.1.1 Management and control of any site provision has been proven to improve standards and conditions for all stakeholders. Well managed, authorised Gypsy/Traveller sites will not only help meet the accommodation needs of the Travelling community but will help reduce tensions between settled and Travelling communities.
- 4.1.2 The opportunities being presented by the provision of authorised stopover sites include the ability to create very positive links with education, primary health and social work services. The opportunity will also be given to create positive links with settled communities, to share cultures and to acknowledge diversity.

4.2 Local Development Plan Sites

- 4.2.1 Four sites have been identified under the Aberdeenshire Local Development Plan 2017. They are:

Location	LDP reference
Inverurie	OP4 at Crichie, Inverurie, A halting site for gypsy/travellers is required within the Thainstone/Crichie employment area, which is made up of sites OP12, OP13 and BUS6-10, or the area of unallocated land between sites BUS5 and BUS6.

Blackdog	OP1 land at Blackdog Land for a gypsy/traveller transit site will be required to be made available on part of the site, prior to the development of the fourth phase, as outlined in the agreed masterplan.
Ellon	OP 4 Balmacassie. The SR1 allocation also requires land to be made available for a Gypsy/Traveller Transit site.
Chapleton	OP 1 Chapleton. There is also a requirement for a halting site for gypsy/travellers to be provided within the employment land.

- 4.2.2 Although these will contribute to meeting long-term need, particularly in the central Aberdeenshire area, they are unlikely to meet need in the short to medium term. There remains a need for more immediate provision. The Grampian Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Needs Study (2017) commended this approach to meeting need but recommended that this approach should be strengthened.
- 4.2.3 Research from Planning Aid Scotland shows that there is a general preference among Gypsy/Travellers for private sites, with the desire for self-sufficiency and independence often cited as reasons for this. Furthermore, private sites are seen as giving a level of security to their residents, allowing them to avoid potential conflict with other Gypsy/Traveller families, which can occur on public sites, and to ensure that future generations will have accommodation when they form their own families.
- 4.2.4 This strategy will continue to support Gypsy/Travellers who wish to build private sites, giving consideration as to how Gypsy/Traveller communities can realise aspirations around private site development, including working in partnership with agencies such as Planning Aid Scotland.
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5 Proposed Site Locations

5.1 North Aberdeenshire

- 5.1.1 In light of the high level of local authority and private provision in the north of Aberdeenshire, further sites run by the local authority are not considered to be a focus of this strategy.
- 5.1.2 It is accepted that there remains need across Aberdeenshire and any private provision proposed through the planning system would be supported by this strategy on this basis.

5.2 Central Aberdeenshire

- 5.2.1 Given the absence of local authority provision and limited private provision in central Aberdeenshire, this strategy will continue to focus on additional provision in this area. It is acknowledged that some of the long-term need is likely to be met through the Local Development Plan process, but there remains a short and medium term need that is unlikely to be met.

5.3 South Aberdeenshire

- 5.3.1 It is acknowledged that the North Esk site at St Cyrus helps to meet the needs of Gypsy/Travellers in the south of Aberdeenshire.
- 5.3.2 It is accepted that there remains need across Aberdeenshire and any private provision proposed through the planning system would be supported by this strategy on this basis.

5.4 Other

- 5.4.1 The strategy will support the joint Scottish Government and COSLA efforts in its action plan to map and, where possible, reopen traditional stopping sites. It will also continue to monitor the pilots on negotiated stopping to understand its potential in Aberdeenshire.
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6 Guidance on Site Development, Consultation and Approval

6.1 Site Development Guidance

- 6.1.1 Scottish Government produced guidance on minimum standards on Improving Gypsy/Traveller Sites, in 2015. The level of provision and amenities on Gypsy/Traveller sites will vary. However, until such times as up-to-date Scottish Government guidance on site provision is published, minimum site provision will meet that detailed within Aberdeenshire Council's Stopover Site Development Guidance.
- 6.1.2 There are three main types of Gypsy/Traveller site provision. Each of the three types of site would be managed effectively based on the level of amenities provided and the size of site. Three options for developing a Gypsy/Traveller site are:
- Permanent sites provide residents with permanent accommodation. These can be run by Local Authorities or registered social landlords, or privately owned by their residents. Gypsy/Travellers typically stay on-site for the majority of the year, only travelling for a few weeks.
 - Transit sites are permanent developments which are only used temporarily by their residents, usually when they are en route between more long-term locations. They provide more basic amenities than permanent sites.
 - Stopping places are pieces of land where Gypsy/Travellers have traditionally stayed for short periods of time. A Stopover site would have basic amenities. This includes pitches that would have access to a water stand-pipe, refuse facilities and portable toilets. People typically stay on site for shorter periods.
- 6.1.3 To bring Council owned areas up to an acceptable standard of provision any planning application would be required to be submitted with evidence to support the 'test' in the Local Development Plan that it should "allow reasonable access to employment, education, community facilities and the main road network". At its meeting on 21 February 2019, the Gypsy/Traveller Sub-Committee was consulted on the proposed wording for this policy in the Local Development Plan 2021.
- 6.1.4 The Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Study (2009) and Grampian Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Needs Assessment (2017) recommended sites accommodate 7-15 pitches. Feedback suggests a range of sizes and types of provision is preferable in meeting need.

6.2 Site Consultation and Approval

- 6.2.1 The suitability of areas of land as potential sites are discussed initially by the council's Gypsy/Traveller Officer Group including input from Area Managers and partner organisations. The formal reporting of proposed sites is through the Council's Gypsy/Traveller Sub-Committee.
- 6.2.2 Gypsy/Traveller site provision is of regional significance. If planning applications are submitted, Aberdeenshire Council will make a decision on the planning applications. The relevant Area Committee comments would be sought.
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EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Stage 1: Title and aims of the activity (“activity” is an umbrella term covering policies, procedures, guidance and decisions).	
Service	Infrastructure Services (Housing)
Section	Housing Strategy
Title of the activity etc.	Aberdeenshire Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2021-2026
Aims of the activity	To ensure Gypsy/Travellers normally resident in Aberdeenshire and Gypsies/Travellers visiting the area, have accommodation that meets their needs, culture and lifestyle and have access to appropriate land, housing and support, encouraging social integration.
Author(s) & Title(s)	Alexander Macleod, Housing Manager (Strategy), Di Faithfull, Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer and Liz Hamilton, Strategic Housing Officer.
Stage 2: List the evidence that has been used in this assessment.	
Internal data (customer satisfaction surveys; equality monitoring data; customer complaints).	Housing Needs and Demand Assessment (2017) Local Housing Strategy 2018-2023 Grampian Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Needs Research 2017
Internal consultation with staff and other services affected.	Planning Legal Services Finance
External consultation (partner organisations, community groups, and councils).	Gypsy/Travelling Community Gypsy/Traveller Sub Committee Gypsy Traveller Officer Group Gypsy/Traveller Interagency Group
External data (census, available statistics).	Grampian Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Needs Research 2017

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Other (general information as appropriate).	The Site Provision Strategy had not been reviewed since 2015.
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Stage 3: Evidence Gaps.	
Are there any gaps in the information you currently hold?	No

Stage 4: Measures to fill the evidence gaps.		
What measures will be taken to fill the information gaps before the activity is implemented? These should be included in the action plan at the back of this form.	Measures:	Timescale:

Stage 5: Are there potential impacts on protected groups? Please complete for each protected group by inserting "yes" in the applicable box/boxes below.				
	Positive	Negative	Neutral	Unknown
Age – Younger	Yes	Yes		
Age – Older	Yes	Yes		
Disability	Yes	Yes		
Race – (includes Gypsy/Travellers)	Yes	Yes		
Religion or Belief			Yes	
Gender – male/female			Yes	
Pregnancy and maternity			Yes	

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Sexual orientation – (includes Lesbian/ Gay/Bisexual)			Yes	
Gender reassignment – (includes Transgender)			Yes	
Marriage and Civil Partnership			Yes	

Stage 6: What are the positive and negative impacts?		
Impacts.	Positive (describe the impact for each of the protected characteristics affected)	Negative (describe the impact for each of the protected characteristics affected)
Please detail the potential positive and/or negative impacts on those with protected characteristics you have highlighted above. Detail the impacts and describe those affected.	Identifying a mix of provision will help to address the accommodation needs of the Gypsy/Traveller community.	It may not be possible to provide the preferred type of site in a preferred location.
	The provision of a mix of sites will assist in addressing the health, education needs and well-being of the Gypsy/Traveller community	
	Improving the provision of a mix of sites and facilities may attract more occupants to sites and reduce the number of unauthorised encampments	

Stage 7: Have any of the affected groups been consulted?	
If yes, please give details of how this was done and what the results were. If no, how have you ensured that you can make an informed decision about mitigating steps?	Representatives from the Gypsy/Traveller Community had an input into the Site Provision Strategy as well as being consulted for the outcomes in the Grampian Gypsy/Traveller Accommodation Needs Research 2017.

Stage 8: What mitigating steps will be taken to remove or reduce negative impacts?
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	Mitigating Steps	Timescale
These should be included in any action plan at the back of this form.	The Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer will continue to engage and consult with the Gypsy/Traveller Community, on unauthorised encampments to get their feedback on accommodation needs.	Ongoing process
	The Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer will continue to engage and consult with the occupants of Aikey Brae and Greenbanks Travellers sites to get their feedback on the sites, taking account of their needs and their feedback on future accommodation needs.	Ongoing process
	Gypsy/Traveller Officer groups will continue to discuss accommodation needs and share examples of good practice.	Ongoing process

Stage 9: What steps can be taken to promote good relations between various groups?	
These should be included in the action plan.	Continued engagement, dialogue and consultation with the Gypsy/Traveller community and occupants of Aikey Brae and Greenbanks Traveller site to assess any future needs and requirements.

Stage 10: How does the policy/activity create opportunities for advancing equality of opportunity?
Considering the accommodation needs of the Travelling Community and consulting with them to agree a way forward, helps to promote good relations and encourage integration, creating mixed and sustainable communities.

Stage 11: What equality monitoring arrangements will be put in place?	
These should be included in any action plan (for example customer satisfaction questionnaires).	The group is already recognised as a minority ethnic group.

Stage 12: What is the outcome of the Assessment?

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Please complete the appropriate box/boxes	1	No negative impacts have been identified –please explain.
	2	Negative Impacts have been identified, these can be mitigated - please explain. * Please fill in Stage 13 if this option is chosen.
	The Housing Service will continue working with the Gypsy/Traveller Community to identify other suitable sites in Aberdeenshire. The GTLO will continue to engage and consult with the Travelling Community to establish their accommodation needs, as well as providing support to them.	
	3	The activity will have negative impacts which cannot be mitigated fully – please explain. * Please fill in Stage 13 if this option is chosen

* Stage 13: Set out the justification that the activity can and should go ahead despite the negative impact.

There is an identified need for the provision of a mix of sites throughout Aberdeenshire.

Stage 14: Sign off and authorisation.

Sign off and authorisation.	1) Service and Team	Housing Strategy	
	2) Title of Policy/Activity	Aberdeenshire Gypsy/Traveller Site Provision Strategy 2019-2014	
	3) Authors: I/We have completed the equality impact assessment	Name: Liz Hamilton Position: Strategic Housing Officer Date: Signature:	Name: Di Faithfull Position: Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer Date: Signature:

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	for this policy/ activity.	Name: Position: Date: Signature:	Name: Position: Date: Signature:
	4) Consultation with Service Manager	Name: Ally Macleod, Housing Manager Date: 19 April 2021 Signature:	
	5) Authorisation by Director or Head of Service	Name: Rob Simpson Position: Head of Housing Date: 19 April 2021 Signature	Name: Position: Date:
	6) If the EIA relates to a matter that has to go before a Committee, Committee report author sends the Committee Report and this form, and any supporting assessment documents, to the Officers responsible for monitoring and the Committee Officer of the relevant Committee. e.g. Communities Committee.		Date:
	7) EIA author sends a copy of the finalised form to: eia@abdnshire		Date:
(Equalities team to complete) Has the completed form been published on the website? YES/NO			Date:

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Action Plan					
Action	Start	Complete	Lead Officer	Expected Outcome	Resource Implications
Consultation with Gypsy/Travellers on sites	2019	2024	Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer	Feedback to inform the future Site Provision Strategy	Within existing resources
Consultation with Gypsy/Travellers on unauthorised encampments	2019	2024	Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer	Feedback to inform the future Site Provision Strategy	Within existing resources
Discussion in Gypsy/Traveller Officer Groups (internal and external) on site provision	2019	2024	Gypsy/Traveller Liaison Officer/Strategic Housing Officer	Feedback to inform the future Site Provision Strategy	Within existing resources